

Curriculum Knowledge & Skills Progression Geography

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Hollinhey Geography Skills & Knowledge Progression

At Hollinhey, it is our intention to teach Geography in alignment with our core values:

- Honesty We aspire to encourage resilience, perseverance and an acceptance that mistakes are an important part of learning.
- Effort We celebrate effort as much as attainment, promoting the importance of hard work to build success and the development of a growth mindset.
- Achievement We intend to provide children with a secure grasp of core geographical knowledge and skills, along with the curiosity to continue to question and learn about the world as they move forward into their lives.
- Respect We aim to inspire a lifelong love of learning about the world and its people among our children, and to challenge any misconceptions or stereotypes which they may encounter.
- Tolerance Through learning about different places and peoples around the world, pupils will develop understanding of, and empathy towards, people living in different places around the world. We will teach Geography in an inclusive manner, with high aspirations for all our learners.

We place a focus on the disciplinary knowledge of:	We place a focus on the disciplinary concepts of:
 Locational knowledge 	• scale
Place knowledge	• space
 Human and physical geography 	• place
 Geographical skills and fieldwork 	environment
	interconnections
	 environmental impact and sustainability
	cultural awareness and diversity

We implement our intentions through teaching Geography within the broader context of topics where appropriate, making links and connections between geographical learning and other areas of the curriculum in order to inspire pupils and support linking of concepts and ideas between subjects.

Our 'Golden Threads' of Substantive Concepts, run through the Units. These feature in most units of work:

- Location & Locality
- Landscape & Form
- Human Impact & Sustainability

In order for children to know more and remember more in each area of geography studied, there is a structure to the lesson sequence whereby prior learning is always considered and opportunities for revision of facts and geographical understanding are built into lessons. However, this is not to say that this structure should be followed rigidly: it allows for this revision to become part of good practice and ultimately helps build a depth to children's geographical understanding. Through revisiting and consolidating skills, our lesson sequences help children build on prior knowledge alongside introducing new skills and challenge. We have suggested a specific series of lessons for each key stage, which will offer structure and narrative but are by no means to be used exclusively, rather to support planning. The revision and introduction of key vocabulary is built into each lesson.

Year						
Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception				Wonderful World Similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries		On the Beach Similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments
Year 1	Island Life Countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas					Big City v Little Village Local Geography: Sutton Human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom
			Weather (co	ontinuous Unit)		
			Seasonal and daily weather pa	atterns in the United Kingdom		
Year 2	Down Under Continents, oceans and hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North & South Pole Comparative study of a contrasting non-European country (Australia)				Human and physical featu surround	chool ires of school grounds and ding area compasses, OS maps
Year 3			Fire & Earth Mountains, Volcanoes, Earthquakes Topographical features. Hills and mountains of the UK and elsewhere			Treasure Island 8 points of a compass. & letter-number coordinates.
Year 4	Secrets of the Forest Macclesfield Forest & Rivers Rivers of UK & locality. Physical geography, settlements, economic activity and natural resources. Maps and fieldwork	Water Cycle			European Life Location of European countries including Russia, similarities and differences between UK and Greece	
Year 5	All Around the World Lines of Longitude & Latitude, Position and significance, time zones, climate, vegetation belts & biomes			Another region of the United Kingdom: York UK counties and cities, change over time, physical and human characteristics	Macclesfield & The Silk Industry UK changes over Time Macclesfield: trade & human impact	

Year 6	South America & the	I'm a Y6, Get me out
	Rainforests	of here!
	Countries, human & physical	6-figure grid references.
	features, tropical biome,	Different maps of same
	environmental threat, trade.	location, calculating
	Comparison with the UK &	distances & routes, field
	Macclesfield Forest	sketches, human &
		environmental impact

Geography End Points

	Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Disciplinary Knowledge (skills and fieldwork)
EYFS	Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories,	Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting	Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them,	Be able to observe the immediate environment.
	non-fiction texts and maps.	environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.	including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Be able to describe maps.
		Explain some similarities and differences between life in this		
		country and life in other countries,		
		drawing on knowledge from stories,		
		nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.		
Y1	Name and locate the countries and	Know and describe the main	Know the difference between	Know the compass points are
	capitals of the UK on a map.	characteristics of Sutton.	village, town and city.	North, South, East and West.
	Know the location of each country	Know and describe some key	Name some of the human and	Know that a plan is a birds-eye
	in relationship to Sutton and Hollinhey Primary School (North,	features of England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.	physical features of Sutton, including the church, pub, village	view.
	South, East, West).	wales and Northern reland.	shop and Post Office, playground	Know that London is considerably
		Know how some characteristics of	and Rossendale Brook.	bigger than Sutton.
	Name the seas surrounding the UK.	London compare with Sutton,		
		including size, rivers, transport and	Describe the seasons and daily	Be able to label a field sketch and a
		buildings.	weather patterns of the UK.	photograph.

	Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Disciplinary Knowledge (skills and fieldwork)
Y2	 Name and locate the world's continents and oceans. Know the location of Australia and surrounding countries, including New Zealand and the Philippines. Know that Australia is South East of the UK. Name and locate the physical and human features of Australia: Great Victoria Desert, Botany Bay and Ayers Rock. 	Know that Australia is considerably bigger than the UK in terms of land mass but that it has a smaller population. Know how some key characteristics of Botany Bay compare with Sutton. Know that Australia is connected to the UK through the voyages of Captain Cook.	Know where the hotter and colder areas of the globe are located in relation to the North and South Poles.	 Know and use accurately the points of the compass for North, South, East and West. Know the terms: NE, NW, SE, SW. When using coordinates, know that bottom comes before side. Be able to draw a simple picture map. Be able to match aerial and plan views of buildings or features in Botany Bay and Sutton. Be able to draw a simple plan with objects relative to each other in position and size. Be able to add labels and a couple
Y3	 Be able to name and locate mountain ranges and the countries in which they are located including North America. Be able to name and locate mountains and upland areas of the UK. 	Know how some characteristics of Sutton compare with Pompeii (Vesuvius)	Know how different mountains are formed. Name and describe physical mountain features, including: ridge, summit, glacier. Know and describe some of the economic activity that occurs in mountain regions, including: tourism, mineral extraction, timber.	of features given to a field sketch. Know and use 8 points of a compass. Be able to use letter-number coordinates. Know the 1:50,000 OS symbols relating to mountain environments: contours, scree, viewpoints, triangular pillar/point. Know that a 1:25,000 map is a more detailed map than a 1:50,000.

	Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Disciplinary Knowledge (skills and fieldwork)
				Be able to draw a simple, accurate
				plan on squared paper.
				Be able to add some of their own
				features and labels to a field sketch.
Y4	Name and locate major UK rivers, e.g. Thames, Mersey, Severn.	Describe some key similarities and differences between Rossendale Brook and a major River Bollin	Know and describe the physical geographical features of rivers, including meander, waterfall,	Know and use 8 points of a compass with greater accuracy.
	Name and locate major UK ports,		source. Describe the formation of	Know that the numbers in a 4-figure
	e.g. Liverpool, London, Hull.	Describe the similarities and	meander and waterfall.	grid reference represent a specific
		differences between the UK and		grid on a map.
	Name and locate major world	Greece, including landscape and	Know and explain the water cycle.	5
	rivers, e.g Nile, Amazon, Rhine.	climate.		Know the 1:50,000 OS symbols
			Know how and why rivers are used	relating to rivers: bridge, mudflats,
	Name and locate Greece within		for economic activity, including	lighthouse.
	Europe and the surrounding		leisure and tourism, transport,	
	countries (including Russia) and		fishing, hydro-electric power.	Be able to measure a straight-line
	seas.			distance on a plan or map with a
			Know why some settlements have	simple scale (e.g. 1cm = 1km) and
			developed along rivers.	calculate the distance.
				Be able to draw a simple field
				sketch with some scaffolding of a
				few key lines.
Y5	Locate the Equator, Arctic and	Know key similarities and	Understand what a biome is and	Know and use 8 points of a compass
	Antarctic Circles, Tropics of Cancer	differences between Sutton,	identify different biomes in the	with greater accuracy.
	and Capricorn on a world map and	Macclesfield and York.	world and their relation to lines of	
	know why they're located in these		latitude	To accurately use 4-figure grid
	positions.		Know and describe how the	references.
	Name and locate the position of the		settlement of Macclesfield grew	Use latitude and longitude in
	Prime/Greenwich Meridian and		and developed as a result of the silk	atlases and globes.
	time zones (including day and night)		trade.	
	and be able to explain their			To be able to draw a scale drawing
	significance.			of a small area, e.g. classroom or
				part of the playground.

	Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Disciplinary Knowledge (skills and fieldwork)
	Be able to locate the different climate zones of the world.		Know and describe how the physical geography of Macclesfield	To annotate field sketches with
	Name and locate some specific biomes & vegetation belts: forest, grassland, tundra, desert and ice sheet.		influenced the silk trade.	descriptions.
	Know that Sutton is located within the county of Cheshire, which is within the region of the North-West of England.			
	Know some of the key UK counties, including Yorkshire, Merseyside, Derbyshire, Staffordshire, Greater Manchester and Lancashire.			
	Know some of the key UK cities, including: Manchester, York and Liverpool, and explain how these have changed over time.			
Y6	Name and locate the rainforest areas of the world, including the Amazon and Congo.	Describe some key similarities and	Know the major rivers, mountains and land types of South America	Be able to use 6-figure grid references.
	Name some of the countries which are found in South America	differences between Macclesfield Forest and the Amazon Rainforest.	Know about the different settlements, populations and languages of South America.	Compare maps showing different projections of the globe.
			Know the definition of the terms climate zone, biomes and vegetation belt in South America	Be able to make comparisons and interpret different map scales of the same location.
				Be able to calculate the distance on a map with a more complex scale.

Locational Knowledge Place Kn	Human and Physical Geography	Disciplinary Knowledge (skills and fieldwork)
	Identify the different biomes in South America including looking in depth at the Amazon Rainforest Know some of the products that are traded from the rainforest and other parts of South America. Know that the rainforest is a natural resource of food and minerals. Know and describe the environmental threats to the rainforest.	Decide on an appropriate view and draw and annotate a field sketch.