

## Curriculum Knowledge & Skills Progression Mathematics

James Perry September 2021

For Reception, this Progression document is based on the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS Statutory Framework.

For Years 1 to 6, it is based on the NCETM Curriculum Prioritisation guidance for 2021-22 for Years 1 to 6.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.	Previous Reception experiences and counting within 100	Numbers 10 to 100	Adding and subtracting across 10	Review of column addition and subtraction	Decimal fractions	Calculating using knowledge of structures (1)
Subitise (recognising quantities without counting) up to 5.	Comparison of quantities and part– whole relationships	Calculations within 20	Numbers to 1,000	Numbers to 10,000	Money	Multiples of 1,000
Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value.	Numbers 0 to 5	Fluently add and subtract within 10	Right angles	Perimeter	Negative numbers	Numbers up to 10,000,000
Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.	Recognise, compose, decompose and manipulate 2D and 3D shapes	Addition and subtraction of two- digit numbers (1)	Manipulating the additive relationship and securing mental calculation	3, 6, 9 times tables	Short multiplication and short division	Draw, compose and decompose shapes
Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number.	Numbers 0 to 10	Introduction to multiplication	Column addition	7 times table and patterns	Area and scaling	Multiplication and division
Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.	Additive structures	Introduction to division structures	2, 4, 8 times tables	Understanding and manipulating multiplicative relationships	Calculating with decimal fractions	Area, perimeter, position and direction

Explore and represent	Addition and	Shape	Column subtraction	Coordinates	Factors, multiples and	Fractions and
patterns within	subtraction facts				primes	percentages
numbers up to 10,	within 10					
odds, double facts and	Numbers 0 to 20	Addition and	Linit functions	Deview of freetiens	Freetiene	Ctatistics
how quantities can be	Numbers 0 to 20	Addition and	Unit fractions	Review of fractions	Fractions	Statistics
distributed evenly.		subtraction of two-				
,		aigit numbers (2)				
	Unitising and coin	Money	Non-unit fractions	Fractions greater	Converting units	KS2 tests
	recognition			than 1		
	Position and direction	Fractions	Parallel and	Symmetry in 2D	Angles and	Ratio and proportion
			perpendicular sides in	shapes	transformations	
			polygons			
	Time	Time	Time	Time	-	Calculating using
						knowledge of
						structures (2)
			-		_	
		Position and direction		Division with		Solving problems with
				remainders		two unknowns
		Multiplication and				Order of operations
		, division – doubling,				· ·
		halving, quotitive and				
		partitive division				
						-
		Sense of measure –				Mean average
		capacity, volume,				
		mass				
		1				

For further details on the Progression of Mathematics involving specific knowledge, skills and concept, we follow the NCTEM Progression Maps <a href="https://www.ncetm.org.uk/classroom-resources/progression-maps-for-key-stages-1-and-2/">https://www.ncetm.org.uk/classroom-resources/progression-maps-for-key-stages-1-and-2/</a>

Each of the below categories has been divided into sub categories to illustrate progression in key areas.

All programmes of study statements are included and some appear twice. This is indicated in the text. This occurs where:

- The statement has central relevance to more than one sub category within a topic;
- The statement has central relevance to more than one mathematics topic. This is done to reflect the aims of the curriculum that *pupils should make rich* connections across mathematical ideas to develop fluency, mathematical reasoning and competence in solving increasingly sophisticated problems (Mathematics programmes of study: key stages 1 and 2 page 3). However, the connections made are not intended to be exhaustive and teachers should seek to support pupils in making other connections.

## **Progression Maps**

<u>Number and Place Value</u>	Ratio and Proportion	<u>Statistics</u>
Addition and Subtraction	<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Algebra</u>
<b>Multiplication and Division</b>	<u>Geometry - properties of shapes</u>	
<u>Fractions (including decimals and</u> <u>percentages)</u>	<b>Geometry - position and direction</b>	